

CORPORATE OFFICE 605 THIRD STREET ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA 92024 T 760.942.5147 T 800.450.1818 F 760.632.0164

March 9, 2009 May 19, 2008

P.N. 5604-01

Ms. Mina Chuong Amerco Real Estate Company 2727 North Central Avenue, Suite 500 Phoenix, AZ 85004

PROJECT: Top of The Pines Subdivision (TPM 20951 RPL. 1)

RE: Environmental Noise Assessment

Dear Ms. Chuong:

This report contains our assessment of the noise environment at the proposed Top of the Pines subdivision (TPM 20951) project located in the County of San Diego. In summary, the project would develop the site with four lots. The future noise level at the proposed building pad sites would range up to approximately 59 60-dB CNEL at the first floor level of the lots. This noise level would comply with the County's 60 dB CNEL exterior noise criterion. Thus, mitigation measures are not required.

To comply with the County's interior noise standard, an interior noise analysis will be required for Lots 3 or 4 if a two story home is are constructed on this lot these lots. The home on Lot 4 these lots could require air conditioning or mechanical ventilation system and sound-rated windows to mitigate the interior noise impact. The interior noise study will be required prior to issuance of building permit.

1.0 BACKGROUND

1.1 Project Setting

The Top of the Pines Subdivision project site is located at the northwest corner of Interstate 8 (I-8) and Pine Valley Road within the community of Pine Valley (*Figures 1 and 2*). The project would develop the site with four single family lots. The primary existing noise source at the site is vehicular traffic along I-8. The existing traffic volume is approximately 21,500 average daily traffic (ADT) along I-8 (Caltrans 2005). There is no existing ADT traffic volume published for Pine Valley Road. This analysis is based on the preliminary grading plan (Kappa Surveying, April 2008).

1.2 County Noise Criteria

The County of San Diego typically describes community noise levels in terms of the Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL). CNEL is the average A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day. It is obtained after adding five decibels (dB) to sound levels in the evening hours (7 p.m. to 10 p.m.) and adding ten dB to the sound levels at night (10 p.m. to 7 a.m.). The five and ten dB penalties are applied to account for increased noise sensitivity during the evening and nighttime hours. The A-weighted scale measures noise levels corresponding to the human hearing frequency response. All sound levels discussed in this report are A-weighted. The acoustical terminology used in this report is defined in *Attachment 1*.

The County has established exterior noise guidelines in the noise element of the County's adopted General Plan (County of San Diego 2006). These guidelines identify compatible exterior noise levels for various land use types. The maximum acceptable exterior noise level for new single family development is 60 dB CNEL. This criterion is applied at the outdoor noise sensitive area. In addition, the County requires that interior noise levels not exceed a CNEL of 45 dB.

Applicable to this project, Chapter 4 of Policy 4b of the County's Noise Element states that:

If the acoustical study shows that noise levels at any noise sensitive land use will exceed CNEL equal to 60 decibels, modifications shall be made to the development which reduce the exterior noise level to less than 60 dB CNEL and the interior noise level to less than 45 dB CNEL.

If modifications are not made to the development in accordance with the above paragraph, the development shall not be approved unless a finding is made that there are specifically identified overriding social or economic considerations which warrant approval of the development without such modification: provided, however, if the acoustical study shows the sound levels for any noise sensitive land use will exceed a 75 dB CNEL even with such modifications, the development shall not be approved irrespective of such social or economic considerations.

"Development" means any physical development including but not limited to residences, commercial, or industrial facilities, roads, civic buildings, hospitals, schools, airports, or similar facilities.

For single family detached dwelling projects, "exterior noise" means noise measured at an outdoor living area which adjoins and is on the same lot as the dwelling, and which contains at least the following minimum area:



(i) Net lot area up to 4,000 square feet:
 (ii) Net lot area 4,000 square feet to 10 acres:
 400 square feet
 10% of net lot area

(iii) Net lot area over 10 acres:

"Noise sensitive land use" means any residence, hospital, school, hotel, resort, library or any other facility where quiet is an important attribute of the environment.

The County Department of Planning and Land Use also utilizes significance thresholds for evaluating off-site noise impacts to residences or noise sensitive areas from project-related traffic. The County considers such impacts to be significant when they exceed three dB CNEL and either elevate noise levels above 60 dB CNEL or exceed a three dB increase above an already noisy existing condition (i.e., 60 dB CNEL).

A noise impact is also considered significant if project implementation will produce additional noise which will cause any onsite or off-site, noise sensitive area to experience an increase in noise of 10 dB CNEL or more.

Construction noise is governed by the County's noise ordinance. Specifically, it shall be unlawful to operate any construction equipment so as to cause at or beyond the property line of any property upon which a legal dwelling unit is located an average sound level greater than 75 dB between the hours of 7:00 a.m. through 7:00 p.m., Monday through Saturday excluding legal holidays. The County interprets the average sound level to mean the one-hour average sound level.

2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

2.1 Ambient Noise Monitoring

Noise measurements were conducted at the site to determine the existing noise level. The measurements were made with a calibrated Larson-Davis Laboratories Model 700 (S.N. 2132) and Rion NL 32 integrating sound level meters equipped with ½-inch pre-polarized condenser microphones with pre-amplifiers. When equipped with these microphones, the sound level meters meet the current American National Standards Institute standard for a Type 1 precision sound level meter. The sound level meters were positioned at a height of approximately five-feet above the ground.

The noise measurements were conducted on November 21, 2005. The noise measurement locations are depicted as Sites 1-4 on *Figure 3*. The sites were selected to maximize the

exposure to I-8. However, all the sites have obstructed views to I-8. There is intervening topography along the southern property boundary that shields the highway lanes across from the site. Also, there is topography within the median that shields the eastbound lanes across from the site. East of the site the highway is visible at Sites 1, 3 and 4. West of the site, only a short segment of the highway is visible at Site 4. The measured average noise levels were 51 to 53 dB at Sites 1, 3 and 4 which have the greatest noise exposure to I-8. Site 1 is also exposed to traffic noise from Pine Valley Road. Noise from this I-8 and Pine Valley Road contributed about equally to the average sound level during the noise measurement at Site 1. The measured average noise level was 42 dB at Site 2. This site is located behind a slope and does not have a view to I-8. The measured average noise levels and the concurrent traffic volumes are depicted in *Table 1*.

2.2 Noise Modeling

The existing CNEL was calculated for Sites 1-4 based on the current traffic volume along I-8 and Pine Valley Road using the Federal Highway Administration's TPM 2.5 Traffic Noise Model (FHWA 2004). The same traffic volume and vehicle composition ratios counted during the noise measurement were used to calibrate the model and verify the input used in the noise model. The modeled existing traffic speed was 65 mph along Highway I-8 and 40 mph along Pine Valley Road. The modeled value was two to three dB greater than the measured noise level at all sites. The difference is most likely results from the accuracy limitations of the model associated with the complexity of the intervening terrain. Therefore, the noise modeling results are considered worst-case. Other input includes the intervening terrain, hard soil type in close proximity to the roads, and field grass for the majority of the area. These two ground conditions are representative of the closest types of sound propagation components available in the noise model.

To determine the CNEL, the existing daily truck mix used in the noise model for I-8 was 4.4% medium trucks and 9.2% heavy trucks. The truck percentage is based on truck mix counts conducted by Caltrans (Caltrans 2008 2006). Pine Valley Road was modeled assuming approximately 6.7 percent medium trucks and 2.7 percent heavy trucks. The modeled existing CNEL is 55 dB at Site 1, 48 dB CNEL at Site 2, 58 dB at Site 3 and 58 dB at Site 4. The noise modeling data is included in *Attachment 2*. For the purposes of the existing noise modeling we estimated an ADT of 3,000 along Pine Valley Road. However, there is no published traffic information available for this road.

TABLE 1
Measured Noise Level and Traffic Volumes on I-8

Site	Description	Date Time	L _{eq} ¹	<u>L_{eq}2</u>	Cars	MT ³	HT ⁴
	Parcel 1 approximately 1,050 ft. to centerline of I-8	11/21/05 1:15 to 1:45 p.m.	51 dB	53 dB	397	14	65
	Parcel 2 approximately 550 ft. to centerline of I-8	11/21/05 1:15 to 1:45 p.m.	42 dB	45 dB	397	14	65
	Parcel 3 approximately 600 ft. to centerline of I-8	11/21/05 12:15 to 12:45 p.m.	53 dB	55 dB	386	13	70
	Parcel 4 approximately 750 ft. to centerline of I-8	11/21/05 12:15 to 12:45 p.m.	52 dB	55 dB	386	13	70

Notes:

Temperature 79 degrees, 20 percent relative humidity. Wind < 5 mph and westerly.

Traffic Volume on Pine Valley Road, 69 cars, 5 medium trucks, 2 heavy trucks (1:15 to 1:45 p.m.)

3.0 FUTURE CONDITIONS

In the future, the project site will continue to be exposed to traffic noise from I-8 and to a lesser extent, Pine Valley Road. The future year 2030 traffic volume would be approximately 28,000 34,000 ADT along I-8 and 7,000 8,000 ADT along Pine Valley Road (SANDAG 2008 2006).

3.1 Exterior Traffic Noise Impact

Based on the future traffic volumes, the noise level at the graded pads of the lots would range from approximately 58 to 59 51 to 60 dB CNEL. These noise levels would comply with the County's exterior noise criterion. The future first floor noise levels at the lots are depicted in *Figure 4*. These calculations take into account the noise attenuation associated with the intervening topography between the lots and both I-8 and Pine Valley Road.

The noise level at the second floor would range up to approximately 60 dB CNEL at Lot 1, <u>60</u> 59 dB CNEL at Lot 2, <u>59</u> 62 dB CNEL at Lot 3 and 63 dB CNEL at Lot 4. These calculations take into account the noise attenuation associated with the intervening topography between the lots and both I-8 and Pine Valley Road.



¹ Equivalent Continuous Sound Level (measured Leq)

² Modeled Leq

³ Medium Trucks

⁴ Heavy Trucks

3.2 Interior Noise Impact

The County requires that interior noise levels not exceed a CNEL of 45 dB. Typically, with the windows open, building shells provide approximately 15 dB of noise reduction. Therefore, rooms exposed to an exterior CNEL greater than 60 dB could result in an interior CNEL greater than 45 dB. Lots 3 and 4 could exceed an interior noise level greater than 45 dB CNEL.

4.0 MITIGATION

4.1 Exterior Traffic Noise Mitigation

The proposed project would comply with the County's General Plan Noise Element exterior noise criterion, therefore, noise mitigation measures are not proposed.

4.2 Interior Traffic Noise Mitigation

To comply with the County's interior noise standard, an interior noise analysis will be required for Lots 3 or 4 if a two story house is are constructed on this lot these lots. The interior acoustical analysis will be required prior to the issuance of building permits to ensure that the interior CNEL would not exceed 60 dB. The home on this lot these lots could require airconditioning or mechanical ventilation, and sound-rated windows.

- - - -

This concludes our noise assessment. If you have any questions, please call me.

Very truly yours,

Mike Komula

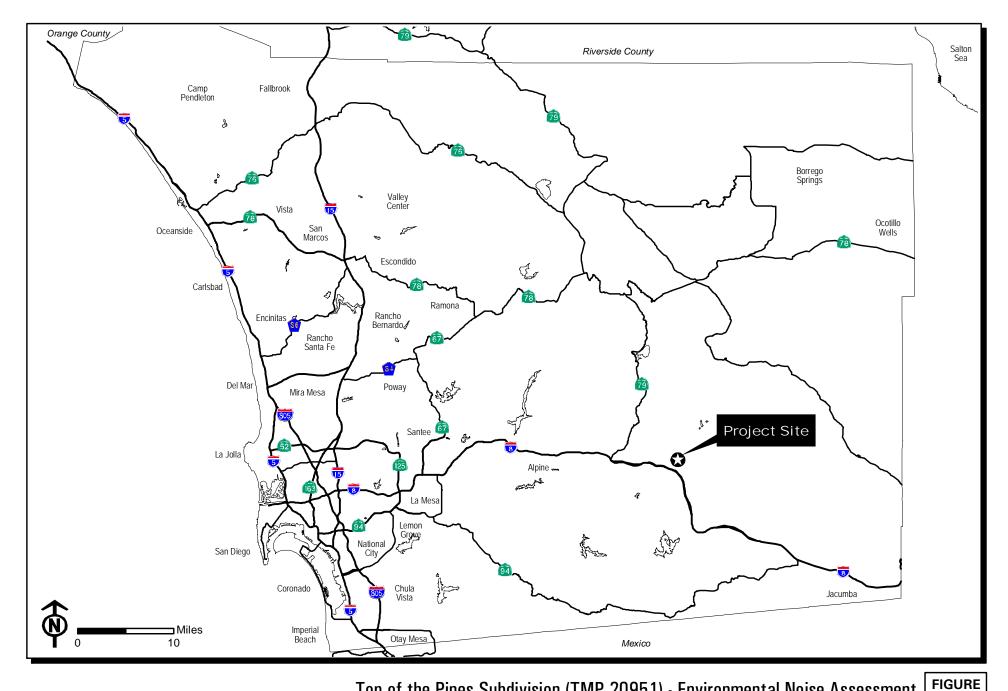
Acoustician



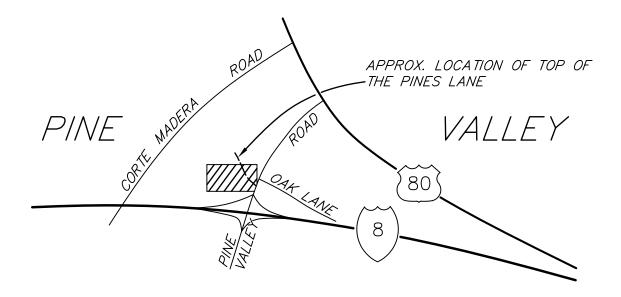
REFERENCES

- California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), 2008. 2007 Annual Average Daily Traffic Volume on the California State Highway System.
- Federal Highway Administration, April 2004. FHWA Traffic Noise Model User's Guide (Version 2.5 Addendum).
- County of San Diego, September 27, 2006. San Diego County General Plan Noise Element.
- San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG), <u>February 2008</u> <u>January 2006</u> Transportation Forecast Information Center 2030 Traffic Volume Forecast.





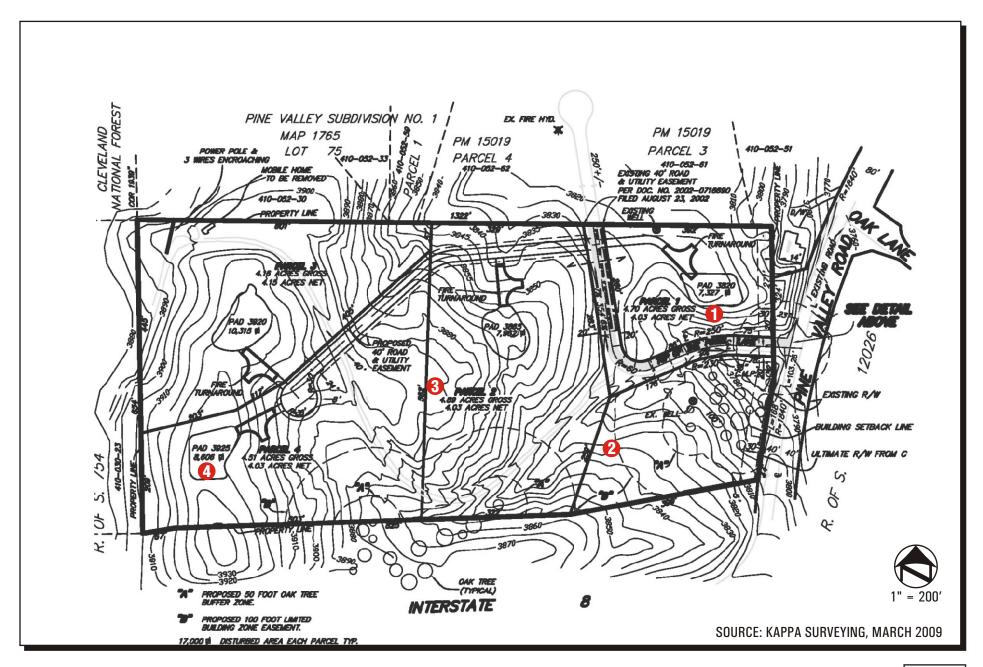
Top of the Pines Subdivision (TMP 20951) - Environmental Noise Assessment



THOMAS. BROS. 1237B7

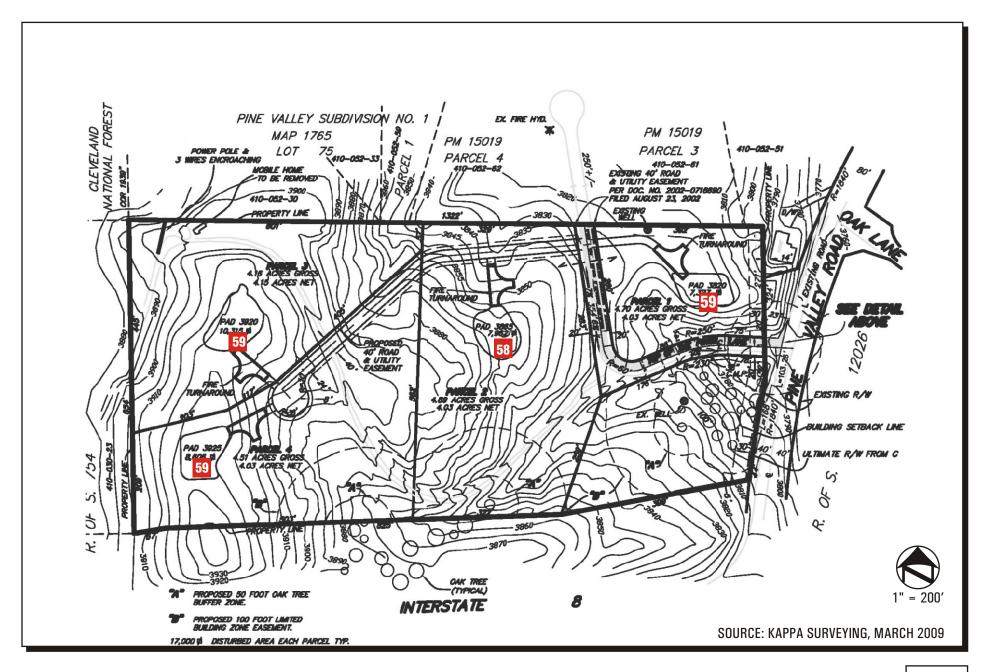


SOURCE: KAPPA SURVEYING, INC.

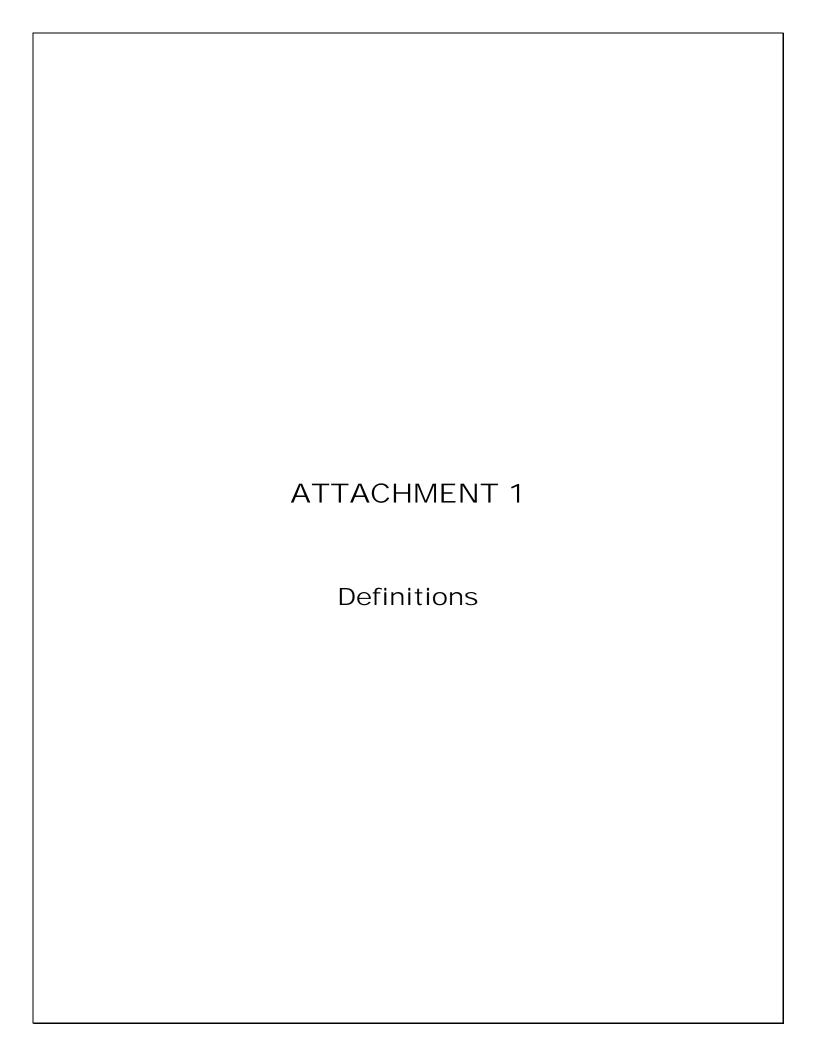


Top of the Pines Subdivision (TMP 20951) - Environmental Noise Assessment

Noise Measurement Locations



Top of the Pines Subdivision (TMP 20951) - Environmental Noise Assessment



ATTACHMENT 1 DEFINITIONS

<u>Term</u>	<u>Definition</u>
-------------	-------------------

Ambient Noise Level The composite of noise from all sources near and far. The normal or existing level of

environmental noise at a given location.

A-Weighted Sound Level The sound pressure level in decibels as

measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighted filter network. The A-weighting filter de-emphasizes the very low and very high frequency components of the sound in a manner similar to the frequency response of the human ear and correlates well with subjective reactions

to noise.

Community Noise Equivalent Level, CNEL CNEL is the A-weighted equivalent continuous

sound exposure level for a 24-hour period with a ten dB adjustment added to sound levels occurring during nighttime hours (10 pm to 7 am) and a five dB adjustment added to the sound levels occurring during the evening hours (7pm

to 10 pm).

Decibel, dB A unit for measuring sound pressure level and is

equal to 10 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the measured sound pressure squared

to a reference pressure, which is 20

micropascals.

Equivalent Continuous Sound Level (L_{eq}) The sound level corresponding to a steady state

sound level containing the same total energy as a varying signal over a given sample period. $L_{\rm eq}$ is designed to average all of the loud and quiet

sound levels occurring over a time period.

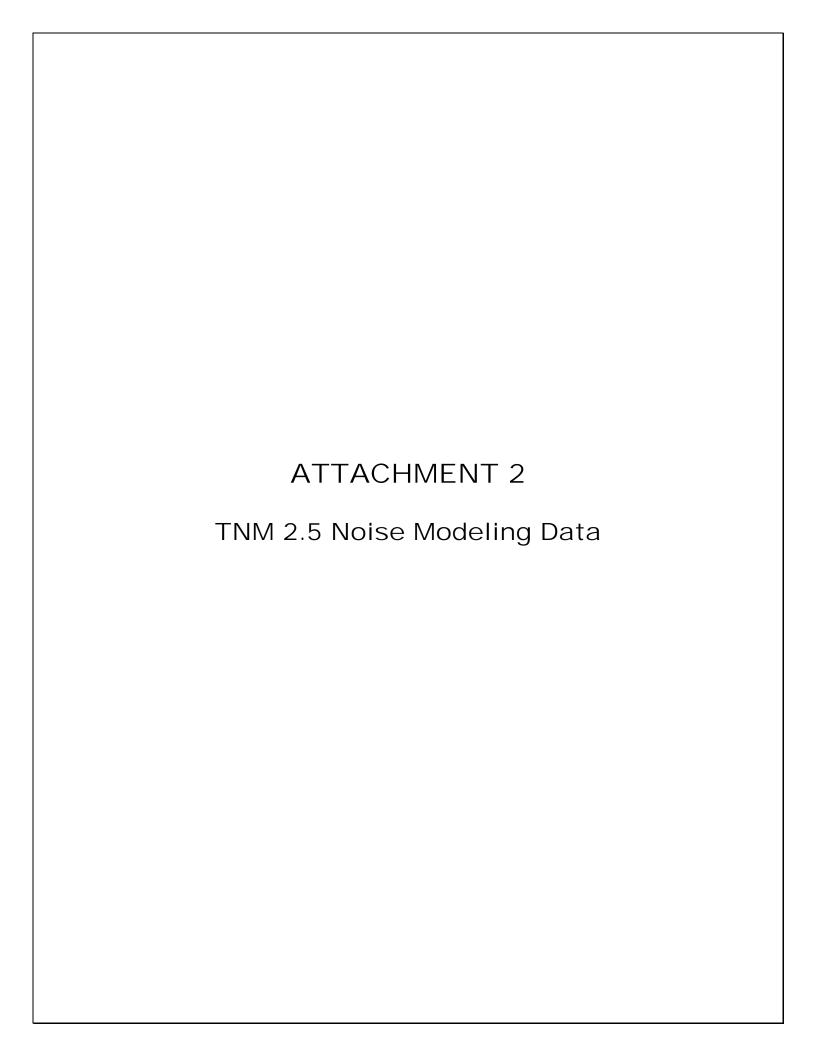
Maximum A-weighted Sound Level, (L_{max}) The greatest sound level measured on a sound

level (L_{max}) meter during a designated time interval or event using fast time-averaging and

A-weighting.

Sound Transmission Class, STC A single number rating of the noise reduction of

a building element.



INPUT: ROADWAYS							Тор с	of the Pines			
Dudek					9 March 2009						
MJKMarch 2009					TNM 2.5						
INPUT: ROADWAYS							Average	pavement typ	∣ e shall be u	used unles	
PROJECT/CONTRACT:	Top of th	e Pines					a State h	ighway agend	y substant	iates the u	se
RUN:	Future						of a diffe	rent type with	the approv	al of FHW	A
Roadway		Points									
Name	Width	Name	No.	Coordinates	(pavement)		Flow Cor	itrol		Segment	
				X	Υ	Z	Control	Speed	Percent	Pvmt	On
							Device	Constraint	Vehicles	Туре	Struct?
									Affected		
	ft			ft	ft	ft		mph	%		
I-8 (Eastbound)	48.0	point1	1	12,308.0	933.0	3,820.00				Average	
		point2	2			3,816.00				Average	
		point3	3	13,162.0	972.0	3,908.00				Average	
		point4	4	13,568.0	949.0	3,900.00				Average	
		point5	5	14,067.0	881.0	3,890.00				Average	
		point6	6	14,233.0	849.0	3,888.00				Average	
		point7	7	14,623.0	754.0	3,888.00				Average	
		point8	8	14,795.0	703.0	3,890.00				Average	
		point9	9	15,210.0	557.0	3,900.00				Average	
		point10	10	15,854.0	241.0	3,920.00					
I-8 (Westbound)	48.0	point20	20	15,950.0	524.0	3,860.00				Average	
		point19	19	·		3,850.00				Average	
		point18	18							Average	
		point17	17	,		<u> </u>				Average	
		point16	16			3,856.00				Average	
		point15	15	· ·		3,860.00				Average	
		point14	14	· ·	· ·	3,870.00				Average	
		point13	13	-		3,880.00				Average	
		point12	12		· ·	3,890.00				Average	
		point11	11	12,397.0		3,900.00					
Pine Valley Road (Northbound)	12.0	point21	21	14,388.0		3,834.00				Average	
		point22	22	· ·		3,820.00				Average	
		point23	23	-		3,810.00				Average	
		point24	24		· ·	3,800.00				Average	
		point25	25	14,476.0	1,789.0	3,790.00				Average	

INPUT: ROADWAYS

Top of the Pines

IN OI NOADWATO						1000	1110 1 11100		
		point26	26	14,510.0	1,933.0	3,780.00		Average	•
		point27	27	14,548.0	2,046.0	3,770.00		Average	,
		point28	28	14,598.0	2,164.0	3,760.00		Average	,
		point29	29	14,667.0	2,315.0	3,750.00		Average	;
		point30	30	14,796.0	2,515.0	3,740.00			
Pine Valley Road (Southbound)	12.0	point40	40	14,776.0	2,528.0	3,740.00		Average	,
		point39	39	14,655.0	2,342.0	3,750.00		Average	,
		point38	38	14,582.0	2,187.0	3,760.00		Average	;
		point37	37	14,530.0	2,064.0	3,770.00		Average	;
		point36	36	14,490.0	1,949.0	3,780.00		Average	,
		point35	35	14,459.0	1,813.0	3,790.00		Average	,
		point34	34	14,435.0	1,674.0	3,800.00		Average	,
		point33	33	14,414.0	1,518.0	3,810.00		Average	,
		point32	32	14,393.0	1,356.0	3,820.00		Average	;
		point31	31	14,365.0	1,132.0	3,834.00			

INPUT: TRAFFIC FOR LAeq1h Volumes						T	op of the	Pines				
Dudek					h 2009							
MJKMarch 2009				TNM 2	.5 ∣							
INPUT: TRAFFIC FOR LAeq1h Volumes												
PROJECT/CONTRACT:	Top of the I	Pines	1		1							
RUN:	Future											
Roadway	Points											
Name	Name	No.	Segmen	it								
			Autos		MTruck	S	HTrucks	6	Buses		Motorcy	cles
			V	S	V	S	V	S	V	S	V	S
			veh/hr	mph	veh/hr	mph	veh/hr	mph	veh/hr	mph	veh/hr	mph
I-8 (Eastbound)	point1	1	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point2	2	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point3	3	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point4	4	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point5	5	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point6	6	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point7	7	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point8	8	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point9	9	1211	65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point10	10										
I-8 (Westbound)	point20	20						65		0		
	point19	19								0		
	point18	18	1210							0	_	_
	point17	17								0	0	_
	point16	16										
	point15	15						65				
	point14	14						65				
	point13	13						65				
	point12	12		65	62	65	129	65	0	0	0	0
	point11	11										
Pine Valley Road (Northbound)	point21	21	317									
	point22	22										
	point23	23	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0

INPUT: TRAFFIC FOR LAeq1h Volume	es					To	op of the F	Pines				
	point24	24	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point25	25	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point26	26	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point27	27	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point28	28	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point29	29	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point30	30										
Pine Valley Road (Southbound)	point40	40	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point39	39	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point38	38	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point37	37	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point36	36	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point35	35	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point34	34	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point33	33	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point32	32	317	40	23	40	10	40	0	0	0	0
	point31	31										

INPUT: RECEIVERS					1	·	· ·	Top of the	Pines		
Dudek						9 March 2	onna				
MJKMarch 2009						TNM 2.5	2009				
INDRINIAI CIT 2009						I IVIVI 2.5					
INPUT: RECEIVERS											
PROJECT/CONTRACT:	Top of	the Pi	ines								
RUN:	Future)									
Receiver											
Name	No.	#DUs	Coordinates (g	round)		Height	Input Sou	nd Levels	and Criteri	a	Active
			X Y		Z	above	Existing	Impact Cr	iteria	NR	in
						Ground	LAeq1h	LAeq1h	Sub'l	Goal	Calc.
			ft ft		ft	ft	dBA	dBA	dB	dB	
Site 1	1	1	14,308.0	2,037.0	3,820.00	5.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0) Y
Site 2	2	1	13,976.0	1,626.0	3,830.00	5.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0) Y
Site 3	3	1	13,721.0	1,831.0	3,885.00	5.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0) Y
Site 4	4	1	13,247.0	1,677.0	3,925.00	5.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0) Y
Site 4 2nd	9	1	13,247.0	1,677.0	3,925.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	
Lot 1	10	1	14,343.0	2,053.0	3,820.00	5.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	
Lot 1	11	1	,	2,013.0							
Lot 1	12		,	2,007.0							
Lot 2	13		,	1,923.0							
Lot 2	14		13,903.0	1,904.0	3,865.00	5.00				8.0	
Lot 2	15		,	1,895.0							
Lot 2	16		,	1,918.0							
Lot 4	17		,	1,647.0							
Lot 3	21	1	,	1,933.0	· ·						
Lot 3	22		,	1,915.0							
Lot 3	23		,	1,956.0							
Lot 1 2nd	27	1	,	2,053.0							
Lot 1 2nd	28		,	2,013.0							
Lot 1 2nd	29		,	2,007.0							
Lot 2 2nd	30		·	1,923.0							
Lot 2 2nd	31	1	·	1,904.0							
Lot 2 2nd	32	1	13,880.0	1,895.0	3,865.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0) Y

INPUT: RECEIVERS

Top of the Pines

Lot 2 2nd	33	1	13,848.0	1,918.0	3,865.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	Υ
Lot 4 2nd	34	1	13,279.0	1,647.0	3,925.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	Υ
Lot 3 2nd	35	1	13,350.0	1,933.0	3,920.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	Υ
Lot 3 2nd	36	1	13,297.0	1,915.0	3,920.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	Υ
Lot 3 2nd	37	1	13,290.0	1,956.0	3,920.00	15.00	0.00	66	10.0	8.0	Υ

INPUT: TERRAIN LINES		
Dudek	9 Marc	h 2009
MJKMarch 2009	TNM 2.	.5
INPUT: TERRAIN LINES		
PROJECT/CONTRACT:	Top of the Pines	
RUN:	Future	

RUN:	Future			
Terrain Line	Points	<u> </u>		
Name	No.	Coordinates	(ground)	
	İ	X	Υ	Z
		ft	ft	ft
Topo in I-8 Median	1	12,330.0	987.0	3,920.00
	2	12,444.0	1,013.0	3,930.00
	3	12,485.0	1,021.0	3,936.00
	4	12,633.0	1,034.0	3,936.00
	5	12,687.0	1,035.0	3,930.00
	6	12,742.0	1,030.0	3,920.00
	7	12,762.0	1,034.0	3,920.00
	8	12,807.0	1,049.0	3,924.00
	9	13,007.0	1,051.0	3,924.00
	10	13,093.0	1,051.0	3,930.00
	11	13,222.0	1,046.0	3,930.00
	12	13,410.0	1,034.0	3,920.00
	13	13,653.0	1,005.0	3,910.00
	14	13,731.0	989.0	3,900.00
	15	14,089.0	917.0	3,890.00
Topo Adjacent I-8	16	13,110.0	1,408.0	3,900.00
	17	13,149.0	1,430.0	3,910.00
	18	13,187.0	1,451.0	3,920.00
	19	13,237.0	1,480.0	3,930.00
	20	13,270.0	1,499.0	3,936.00
	21	13,294.0	1,507.0	3,936.00
	22	13,332.0	1,513.0	3,930.00
	23	13,380.0	1,500.0	3,920.00
	24	13,434.0	1,480.0	3,910.00

Top of the Pines

INPUT: TERRAIN LINES				
	25	13,478.0	1,466.0	3,900.00
	26	13,563.0	1,453.0	3,890.00
	27	13,639.0	1,435.0	3,880.00
	28	13,774.0	1,449.0	3,876.00
	29	13,940.0	1,488.0	3,876.00
	30	13,978.0	1,484.0	3,870.00
	31	14,036.0	1,487.0	3,860.00
	32	14,123.0	1,490.0	3,852.00
	33	14,162.0	1,501.0	3,852.00
	34	14,181.0	1,495.0	3,850.00
	35	14,288.0	1,500.0	3,840.00
	36	14,351.0	1,512.0	3,830.00
	37	14,376.0	1,526.0	3,820.00
Topo Adjacent PVR	38	14,418.0	1,967.0	3,800.00
	39	14,466.0	1,975.0	3,800.00
	40	14,471.0	2,070.0	3,800.00
	41	14,418.0	2,082.0	3,800.00
	42	14,432.0	2,131.0	3,800.00
	43	14,427.0	2,161.0	3,800.00
	44	14,436.0	2,317.0	3,800.00
Topo Lot 4	49	13,238.0	1,481.0	3,930.00
	45	13,221.0	1,633.0	3,928.00
	46	13,198.0	1,661.0	3,925.00
	47	13,228.0	1,768.0	3,925.00
	48	13,278.0	1,859.0	3,925.00
Topo lot4	50	13,317.0	1,726.0	3,925.00
	51	13,287.0	1,637.0	3,925.00
	52	13,229.0	1,634.0	3,925.00
	53	13,215.0	1,648.0	3,925.00
	54	13,214.0	1,717.0	3,925.00
topo Lot3	55	13,387.0	1,962.0	1,320.00
	56	13,357.0	1,924.0	1,320.00
	57	13,313.0	1,903.0	1,320.00
	58	13,277.0	1,907.0	1,320.00
	59	13,261.0	1,929.0	1,320.00
	60	13,301.0	1,991.0	1,320.00

INPUT: GROUND ZONES Top of the Pines

		П		
				9
			TNM 2.5	
Top of th	e Pines			
Future				
		Points	•	
Туре	Flow	No.	Coordinates	
	Resistivity		X	Υ
	cgs rayls		ft	ft
Field	150	34	14,308.7	1,174.9
		35	14,386.6	1,576.2
		36	14,440.5	1,917.6
		37	14,506.4	2,145.2
		38	14,572.2	2,384.8
		39	14,572.2	2,528.5
		40	13,092.8	1,833.7
		41	13,092.8	1,516.3
		42	13,092.8	1,312.6
		43	14,272.8	1,180.8
	Type	Type Flow Resistivity cgs rayls	Future Type Flow No. Resistivity cgs rayls Field 150 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Top of the Pines Future Points Type Flow No. Coordinates Resistivity X cgs rayls ft

RESULTS: SOUND LEVELS		-,		,			Top of the	Pines		,		
Dudek							9 March 20	009				
MJKMarch 2009							TNM 2.5		• • •			
RESULTS: SOUND LEVELS							Calculated	I WITH I NIN	1 2.5			
PROJECT/CONTRACT:		Ton of	the Pines									
RUN:		Future										
BARRIER DESIGN:			HEIGHTS					Average i	pavement type	shall he use	d unlas	:
DARRIER DEGIGIT.		1141 01	IILIOIII O						ghway agenc			
ATMOSPHERICS:		68 deg	F, 50% RH						ent type with			
Receiver												
Name	No.	#DUs	Existing	No Barrier					With Barrier	!	1	
				LAeq1h		Increase over	existing	Туре	Calculated	Noise Reduc	tion	
			-	Calculated	Crit'n	Calculated	1	Impact	LAeq1h	Calculated	Goal	Calculated
							Sub'l Inc					minus
												Goal
			dBA	dBA	dBA	dB	dB		dBA	dB	dB	dB
Site 1	1	1	0.0	57.5	66	57.5	10		57.5	0.0		8 -8.0
Site 2	2	1	0.0	49.8	66	49.8	10		49.8	0.0		8 -8.0
Site 3	3	1	0.0	59.0	66	59.0	10		59.0	0.0		8 -8.0
Site 4	4	1	0.0	59.3	66	59.3	10		59.3	0.0		8 -8.0
Site 4 2nd	9	1	0.0	62.1	66	62.1	10		62.1	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 1	10	1	0.0	58.4	1 66	58.4	10		58.4	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 1	11	1	0.0	59.2	2 66	59.2	10		59.2	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 1	12	1	0.0	58.1	66	58.1	10		58.1	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 2	13	1	0.0	58.0	66	58.0	10		58.0	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 2	14		0.0	58.0					58.0	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 2	15		0.0	57.9			10		57.9	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 2	16	1	0.0	57.5			10		57.5			8 -8.0
Lot 4	17		0.0	59.0					59.0			8 -8.0
Lot 3	21		0.0						58.0			8 -8.0
Lot 3	22		0.0	58.7	7 66				58.7	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 3	23		0.0	58.7					58.7	0.0		8 -8.0
Lot 1 2nd	27		0.0						59.5			8 -8.0
Lot 1 2nd	28		0.0						60.4			8 -8.0
Lot 1 2nd	29								59.4			8 -8.0
Lot 2 2nd	30		0.0	59.9			10		59.9			8 -8.0
Lot 2 2nd	31								60.0			8 -8.0
Lot 2 2nd	32								60.0			8 -8.0
Lot 2 2nd	33								59.5			8 -8.0
Lot 4 2nd	34	1	0.0	62.5	66	62.5	10		62.5	0.0		8 -8.0

RESULTS: SOUND LEVELS

Top of the Pines

Lot 3 2nd	35	1	0.0	58.4	66	58.4	10	 58.4	0.0	8	-8.0
Lot 3 2nd	36	1	0.0	59.0	66	59.0	10	 59.0	0.0	8	-8.0
Lot 3 2nd	37	1	0.0	58.9	66	58.9	10	 58.9	0.0	8	-8.0
Dwelling Units		# DUs	Noise Red	luction							
			Min	Avg	Max						
			dB	dB	dB						
All Selected		27	0.0	0.0	0.0						
All Impacted		0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
All that meet NR Goal		0	0.0	0.0	0.0						